

**PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT**  
**THIS IS INTENDED TO BE A LEGALLY BINDING AGREEMENT – READ IT CAREFULLY**

\_\_\_\_\_ (hereinafter designated as “Owner”) and **Cornette Property Management** (hereinafter designated as “Agent”).

1. **Appointment of Agent:** The owner hereby appoints and grants Agent the exclusive right to rent, lease, operate and manage the property(ies) known as: \_\_\_\_\_ and any additional property which may later be added to this Agreement (collectively known as “Property”), upon the terms hereinafter set forth.
2. **Term:** This Agreement shall commence on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, is perpetual, and shall end when either Owner or Agent shall give the other party notice of intent to terminate according to terms stipulated in section 9 of this Agreement.
3. **Agent Acceptance: Agent accepts the appointment and grant and agrees to:**
  - (a) Use diligence, honesty and reasonable care in the management of the Property and to furnish the services of its organization for the renting, leasing, operating and managing of the Property.
  - (b) Render monthly statement of receipts, expenses and charges and to remit to Owner receipts less disbursements.
  - (c) Maintain a minimum reserve of \$300.00 in the Owner’s operating account and hold security deposits in trust account. Owner accepts responsibility for penalties imposed if Owner does not return tenant security deposit upon demand by Agent.
  - (d) Deposit all receipts collected for Owner (less any sums properly deducted or otherwise provided herein) in a Trust Account in a national or state institution qualified to engage in the banking or trust business, separate from Agent’s personal account. However, Agent will not be liable in event of bankruptcy or failure of a depository.
  - (e) To actively involve the Owner in the management of the property consistent with the Tax Reform Act of 1986 which includes, but is not limited to, making management decisions such as deciding rental terms and approving other than normal expenditures.
4. **Owner grants Agent the following authority and powers and Owner shall pay the expenses in connection herewith:**
  - (a) To collect rents or other charges and expenses due or to become due and give receipts therefore; to institute and prosecute actions to evict tenants and to recover possession of Property in the name of the Owner and recover rents and other sums due and serve in the name of the Owner any such notices as are appropriate. Employ attorneys for the purpose of enforcing Owner’s rights under leases and rental agreements and instituting legal action on behalf of Owner.
  - (b) To make or cause to be made and supervise repairs and alterations, and to do decorating on said Property; to purchase supplies and pay all bills thereof. The Agent agrees to secure the prior approval of the Owner on all expenditures in excess of \$300.00 for any one item, except monthly or recurring operating charges, or in the event the Owner is not reasonably available for consultation, or for emergency repairs in excess of the maximum if in the opinion of the agent such repairs are necessary to protect the property from damage or prevent damage to life or to the property of others or to avoid suspension of necessary services or to avoid penalties or fines or to maintain services to the tenants as called for in their leases. Agent’s decision will be without liability except for willful misconduct or recklessness.
  - (c) To hire, discharge and supervise all labor and employees required for the operation and maintenance of the premises. Agent may perform any of its duties through Owner’s or Agent’s Attorneys, agents, or employees and shall not be responsible for their acts, defaults or negligence if reasonable care has been exercised in their appointment and retention. To represent Owner in court at an hourly fee of \$65.00. No fee will be charged to represent Owner in court for unlawful detainer actions in which tenant moved into property after the signing of this Agreement.
  - (d) Agent may perform any of its duties, and obtain necessary products, services and maintenance through the use of own staff, affiliated companies or organizations in which Agent may own an interest, and may receive fees, commissions, and/or profits from these affiliated companies or organizations. Management shall disclose to Owner any such relationship. Management shall not, however, receive fees, commissions, or profits from unaffiliated companies in the performance of this Agreement without prior disclosure and agreement of Owner. Agent hereby notifies owner of our affiliated maintenance company known as RBC Construction. Owner will be billed at bid prices or at hourly rate. Owner has option to select own vendors provided they carry adequate insurance and licenses and are qualified to perform the service needed.

- (e) To make contracts for electricity, gas, fuel, water, sewer, garbage, and other services or such of them as the Agent shall deem advisable; the Owner to assume the obligation of any contract so entered into at the termination of this agreement. Owner to notify utility companies of change of billing address.
- (f) To pay loan indebtedness, property and employees taxes, special assessments and insurance as designated by Owner.
- (g) Owner hereby notifies Agent that if they know of any lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards at the property that Owner will immediately notify Agent so that Agent can disclose any known information to Lessee(s) and provide to Lessee(s) any records available. Agent may sign on behalf of Owner all required disclosures and inform Lessee(s) of any known hazards or records pertaining to lead-based paint and lead-based hazards.
- (h) Owner hereby notifies Agent that if they know of any mold or mold hazards at the property the Owner will immediately notify Agent so that agent can disclose any known information to Lessee(s) and provide to Lessee(s) any records available. Agent may sign on behalf of Owner all required disclosures and inform Lessee(s) of any known hazards or records pertaining to Mold and Mold hazards.

5. **Owner Responsibilities: The Owner agrees to:**

- (a) Indemnify and save the Agent harmless from any and all costs, expenses, attorney's fees, suits, liabilities, damages or claims for damages, including but not limited to those arising out of any injury or death to any person or persons or damage to any property of any kind whatsoever and to whomsoever belonging, including Owner, in any way relating to the management of the premises by Agent or the performance of exercise of any of the duties, obligations, powers or authorities herein or hereafter granted to the Agent; to carry, at the Owner's sole cost and expense, such public liability, property damage and worker's compensation insurance as shall be adequate to protect the interests of the Agent and Owner, the policies for which shall name the Agent as well as the Owner as the party insured. OWNER TO PROVIDE AGENT WITH A CERTIFICATE SHOWING A MINIMUM OF \$500,000.00 LIABILITY COVERAGE within 14 days of execution of this contract.
- (b) Remit funds as requested by Agent immediately if current rental income is insufficient to pay all expenses. If Owner is unable or unwilling to send funds as requested by Agent the following priority will be followed in disbursing funds: Management fees, advertising, maintenance over 30 days old, utilities subject to cutoff, mortgages, other utilities and other miscellaneous bills. Owner agrees to pay late charges, interest charges, and other penalties caused by lack of sufficient funds. Owner understands that it is not the Agent's obligation to advance its own funds for payment of Owner's operating expenses.

6. **Compensation:** Owner agrees to pay Agent for the following services if used:

- (1) Management fees:
  - a) \$75.00 per month for Single Family Homes & Condominiums
  - b) \$140.00 per month for Duplexes
  - c) \$240.00 per month for Four-plexes
- (2) Leasing Fee: 35% of the first month's rent
- (3) Lease Renewal: \$75.00
- (4) One half of late fees collected, and all returned check fees charged (residents are billed).
- (5) Inspections required by local municipalities, such as the City of Sacramento "Rental Housing Inspection Program" and annual property inspection survey will incur a fee of \$75.00. This is not a Home/Pest Control Inspection. This is a walk thru of the property noting issues that may need attention based on visual observance and does not include roof, crawl spaces and other areas that are difficult to access. "Initial-Inspection" requested by tenants per California Civil Code 1950.5 (f)(1).
- (6) In the event that the Owner requests the Agent to undertake work exceeding normal management then an hourly fee of \$75.00 shall be charged. Normal management does not include modernization, refinancing, fire restoration, rehabilitation's, inspections, advising on new construction, process serving, assisting sales agents or appraisers, or other counseling.

7. **Notices:** Any written notice to Owner or Agent required under this Agreement shall be served by sending such notice by first class mail to that party at the address below, or at any different address which the parties may later designate for this purpose, and shall be deemed received after three business days.

8. **Binding Agreement:** This Agreement shall be binding upon the successors of the Agent, and the heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assignees of the Owner.



9. **Termination:** Either Owner of Agent may cancel this agreement by giving the other party thirty (30) day written notice of termination. Agent may cancel this agreement immediately with written or verbal notice if Owner's actions or inactions appear to be illegal, improper, or jeopardize the safety or welfare of tenants or others.
- (a) All provisions of Agreement that indemnify, defend, and save Agent harmless, to any and all matters shall survive any terminations of this Agreement.
  - (b) Agent may withhold funds for thirty (30) days after the end of the month in which this agreement is terminated to pay any obligations previously incurred but not yet invoiced and to close accounts. If the funds on hand are insufficient to pay such obligations, Owner shall pay Agent the deficit within ten (10) days of termination date.
  - (c) In the event this Agreement is terminated by either Owner or Agent, regardless of cause, the parties agree that Agent shall have no further obligation to rent, lease or manage the premises.
10. **Owner Provides the Following Assurances:**
- (a) That Owner constitutes the entire Ownership of the property and will provide a copy of the deed if requested by the Agent. That Owner has full power and authority to hire Agent and has the right to receive income proceeds from the property and that this power, authority and right have not been assigned or transferred to others. Owner agrees to keep Agent informed of any changes of ownership interest in the property
  - (b) That all mortgages, taxes, insurance and association dues are currently paid and are not in default, that the property is not now the subject of a foreclosure or pending legal action. In the event, a foreclosure action is filed against the property; Agent shall be notified in writing immediately by Owner, and at the sole discretion of Agent, failure of the Owner to give written notification to Agent, will be grounds for immediate termination of this agreement.
11. **Owner and Agent Mutually Agree:**
- (a) That this agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California, should one or more of the provisions contained in the agreement be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that disability shall not affect any other provision of this agreement.
  - (b) That in the event that legal procedures are necessary to enforce any provision of this agreement the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover or receive an award for the reasonable legal fees not to exceed \$600.00. Venues for any action shall be Sacramento County, California.
12. **Personal Property:** Agents assumes no responsibility or management of personal property left by Owner at Property.
13. **Equal Housing Opportunity:** Both Agent and Owner agree to abide by all Fair Housing Laws. If Owner should at any time request Agent to disregard Fair Housing Laws and/or State or Local Landlord/Tenant Laws, this contract will be terminated immediately, and the management fees for the balance of this contract or \$300.00, whichever is greater will be due upon termination.
14. **Representation of Agreement:** No representation is made as to the legal validity of any provision or the adequacy of any provision in any specific transaction. If you desire legal advice please consult your attorney.

**Parties acknowledge having read the foregoing prior to execution and receipt of a duplicate original date this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Owner's Name**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Address**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Owner's Signature**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Owner's Tax ID #**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Agent's Signature**

**Cornette Property Management**  
**5655 Walnut Avenue**  
**Orangevale, CA 95662**  
**(916) 988-5357 Fax: (916) 988-5587**



## Owner Information Form for Management

### OWNER INFORMATION

Ownership Type:      Individual       Joint       Partnership       Corporation

Owners Name(s)

Owners Mailing Address

Home Phone

Work Phone

Cell Phone

Fax Number

E-mail Address

Emergency Contact (Name and Phone Number)

### INSURANCE INFORMATION

Insurance Company

Agents Name

Phone Number

Policy Number

\_\_\_\_\_ please provide a copy of your policy or Certificate of Insurance.

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR PROPERTY

Are you aware of any of the following? (Circle One)

1. Is there any current litigation or insurance claims against the property? Yes or No
2. Are you aware of any mold or mold related issues with the property? Yes or No
3. Substances, materials or products which may be an environmental hazard such as, but not limited to, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon gas, lead-based paint, fuel or chemical storage tanks and contaminated soil or water on the property? Yes or No
4. Room additions, structural modifications, stairs, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits, or not in compliance with building codes? Yes or No
5. Flooding, drainage or grading problems? Yes or No
6. Notices of abatement/citations against the property? Yes or No
7. Please list any items in the property not in normal operating condition or need special attention \_\_\_\_\_

Page 1 of 2 \_\_\_\_\_ Owners Signature

**CORNETTE**   
property management

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Will you provide lawn service? Yes or No If yes, phone # of company \_\_\_\_\_  
Will you provide pool service? Yes or No If yes, phone # of company \_\_\_\_\_  
Is the property in a HOA? Yes or No If yes, please provide copy of CC&R's or "Use & Restrictions"  
Do you have a Home Warranty Service? Yes or No If yes, we will need a copy of the warranty.  
Do you desire a shorter lease? Yes or No  
(We typically sign tenants to a 12-month initial lease term) If yes, how many months \_\_\_\_\_  
Security/Alarm System Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Gate Code: \_\_\_\_\_

**UTILITY/RECURRING PAYMENT INFORMATION**

Our office can pay utilities such as water, sewer, garbage and association dues. Once the property has been rented - if you would like our office to begin paying these bills, please contact the various utility companies you will transfer to our office to pay and list the companies below. You will keep the bills in your name but list as in care of Cornette Property Management. The address should read:

Your Name Here  
C/O Cornette Property Management  
5655 Walnut Avenue  
Orangevale, CA 95662

If there are any bills that you receive electronically or paperless, make sure this feature is turned off; otherwise, we will not receive a hard-copy of the bills and this may result in the account becoming delinquent.

Please list the following companies you will contact to transfer in care of Cornette Property Management once the property has been rented:

Water Company: \_\_\_\_\_  
Sewer Company: \_\_\_\_\_  
Garbage Company: \_\_\_\_\_  
Association Due Company: \_\_\_\_\_

**WE WILL NEED THE FOLLOWING TO BEGIN MANAGEMENT OF YOUR PROPERTY:**

- 1. **Management Agreement:** Signed and Dated Management Agreement, Owner's Information Form, FTB Form 590 if you live in California, W-9, ACH Authorization Form. If you live outside of California, please contact our office for the appropriate Franchise Tax Board information regarding CA state withholdings.
2. **Proof of Insurance:** Copy of Declarations Page with minimum \$500K Liability

Thank you for considering Cornette Property Management to manage your rental property. We appreciate your business and look forward to working with you.





**AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT  
FOR AUTOMATIC DEPOSITS  
(ACH Credits)**

Address of Property Managed: \_\_\_\_\_

I (we) hereby authorize **Cornette Property Management**, hereinafter called COMPANY to initiate entries and to initiate, if necessary, debit entries and adjustments for any credit entries in error to my (our)

(  ) Checking (  ) Savings account (select only one), indicated below and the depository named below, hereinafter called DEPOSITORY to credit and/or debit the same such account. The amount of the entry may change at any time

Owner disbursements are made by agreement depending on rent availability. An owner report will be available within two business days after a credit transfer:

Bank Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Transit/ABA #: \_\_\_\_\_ Account #: \_\_\_\_\_

**Attach a blank check to the authorization (VOID may be written on the check) at the bottom.** This authority is to remain in full force and effect until COMPANY has received written notification from me (or either of us) of its termination within 14 days prior to the next transaction date. Your future statement and bill copies will be emailed to you effective immediately upon receiving this form, please provide a current email address below

Email Address: \_\_\_\_\_

*Please Print*

Owner Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

(Attach Check Here)

# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the  
requester. Do not  
send to the IRS.**

<b>Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.</b>	<b>1</b> Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
	<b>2</b> Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	<b>3</b> Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only <b>one</b> of the following seven boxes: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ <b>Note.</b> For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	
	<b>4</b> Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <i>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</i>	
	<b>5</b> Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
	<b>6</b> City, state, and ZIP code	
	<b>7</b> List account number(s) here (optional)	

## Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

<b>Social security number</b>									

**or**

<b>Employer identification number</b>									

**Note.** If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

## Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

**Certification instructions.** You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 3.

<b>Sign Here</b>	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

**Future developments.** Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at [www.irs.gov/fw9](http://www.irs.gov/fw9).

### Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

*If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.*

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

**Note.** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

**Special rules for partnerships.** Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following persons must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

**Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien.** Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

## Backup Withholding

**What is backup withholding?** Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

**Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:**

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* above.

## What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code* on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

## Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

## Penalties

**Failure to furnish TIN.** If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## Specific Instructions

### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note. ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.



**Line 2**

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

**Line 3**

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

**Limited Liability Company (LLC).** If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

**Line 4, Exemptions**

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

**Exempt payee code.**

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note.** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

**Line 5**

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

**Line 6**

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

**Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)**

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

**How to get a TIN.** If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at [www.ssa.gov](http://www.ssa.gov). You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at [www.irs.gov/businesses](http://www.irs.gov/businesses) and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting [IRS.gov](http://IRS.gov) or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

**Part II. Certification**

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code* earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.** You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

**What Name and Number To Give the Requester**

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup>  The actual owner <sup>1</sup>
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

<sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 2.

\*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

**Note.** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

**Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft**

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

**Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.** Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to [phishing@irs.gov](mailto:phishing@irs.gov). You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: [spam@uce.gov](mailto:spam@uce.gov) or contact them at [www.ftc.gov/idtheft](http://www.ftc.gov/idtheft) or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit [IRS.gov](http://IRS.gov) to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

**Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

# Withholding Exemption Certificate

(This form can only be used to certify exemption from nonresident withholding under California R&TC Section 18662. This form cannot be used for exemption from wage withholding.)

File this form with your withholding agent.  
(Please type or print)

Withholding agent's name

Vendor/Payee's name

Vendor/Payee's  Social security number  
 SOS no.  California corp. no.  FEIN

**Note:**  
Failure to furnish your identification number will make this certificate void.

Vendor/Payee's address (number and street)

APT no. Private Mailbox no. Vendor/Payee's daytime telephone no.

City

State

ZIP Code

I certify that for the reasons checked below, the entity or individual named on this form is exempt from the California income tax withholding requirement on payment(s) made to the entity or individual. Read the following carefully and check the box that applies to the vendor/payee:

**Individuals — Certification of Residency:**

I am a resident of California and I reside at the address shown above. If I become a nonresident at any time, I will promptly inform the withholding agent. See instructions for Form 590, General Information D, for the definition of a resident.

**Corporations:**

The above-named corporation has a permanent place of business in California at the address shown above or is qualified through the California Secretary of State to do business in California. The corporation will withhold on payments of California source income to nonresidents when required. If this corporation ceases to have a permanent place of business in California or ceases to be qualified to do business in California, I will promptly inform the withholding agent. See instructions for Form 590, General Information E, for the definition of permanent place of business.

**Partnerships:**

The above-named partnership has a permanent place of business in California at the address shown above or is registered with the California Secretary of State, and is subject to the laws of California. The partnership will file a California tax return and will withhold on foreign and domestic nonresident partners when required. If the partnership ceases to do any of the above, I will promptly inform the withholding agent. **Note:** For withholding purposes, a Limited Liability Partnership is treated like any other partnership.

**Limited Liability Companies (LLC):**

The above-named LLC has a permanent place of business in California at the address shown above or is registered with the California Secretary of State, and is subject to the laws of California. The LLC will file a California tax return and will withhold on foreign and domestic nonresident members when required. If the LLC ceases to do any of the above, I will promptly inform the withholding agent.

**Tax-Exempt Entities:**

The above-named entity is exempt from tax under California or federal law. The tax-exempt entity will withhold on payments of California source income to nonresidents when required. If this entity ceases to be exempt from tax, I will promptly inform the withholding agent.

**Insurance Companies, IRAs, or Qualified Pension/Profit Sharing Plans:**

The above-named entity is an insurance company, IRA, or a federally qualified pension or profit-sharing plan.

**California Irrevocable Trusts:**

At least one trustee of the above-named irrevocable trust is a California resident. The trust will file a California fiduciary tax return and will withhold on foreign and domestic nonresident beneficiaries when required. If the trustee becomes a nonresident at any time, I will promptly inform the withholding agent.

**Estates — Certification of Residency of Deceased Person:**

I am the executor of the above-named person's estate. The decedent was a California resident at the time of death. The estate will file a California fiduciary tax return and will withhold on foreign and domestic nonresident beneficiaries when required.

**CERTIFICATE:** Please complete and sign below.

Under penalties of perjury, I hereby certify that the information provided herein is, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct. If conditions change, I will promptly inform the withholding agent.

Vendor/Payee's name and title (type or print) \_\_\_\_\_

Vendor/Payee's signature ► \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Instructions for Form 590

## Withholding Exemption Certificate

References in these instructions are to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

### General Information

#### A Purpose

Use Form 590 to certify an exemption from nonresident withholding. Complete and present Form 590 to the withholding agent. The withholding agent will then be relieved of the withholding requirements if the agent relies in good faith on a completed and signed Form 590 unless told by the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) that the form should not be relied upon.

**Important – This form cannot be used for exemption from wage withholding. Any questions regarding wage withholding should be directed to the California Employment Development Department.**

Do not use Form 590 if you are a seller of California real estate. Sellers of California real estate should use Form 593-C, Real Estate Withholding Certificate.

#### B Law

R&TC Section 18662 requires withholding of income or franchise tax on payments of California source income made to nonresidents of this state.

Withholding is required on:

- Payments to nonresidents for services rendered in California;
- Distributions of California source income made to domestic nonresident partners and members and allocations of California source income made to foreign partners and members;
- Payments to nonresidents for rents if the payments are made in the course of the withholding agent's business;
- Payments to nonresidents for royalties for the right to use natural resources located in California;
- Distributions of California source income to nonresident beneficiaries from an estate or trust; and
- Prizes and winnings received by nonresidents for contests in California.

For more information on withholding and waiver requests, get FTB Pub. 1017, Nonresident Withholding Partnership Guidelines, and FTB Pub. 1023, Nonresident Withholding Independent Contractor, Rent and Royalty Guidelines. To get a withholding publication see General Information G.

#### C Who can Execute this Form

Form 590 can be executed by the entities listed on this form.

**Note:** In a situation where payment is being made for the services of a performing entity, this form can only be completed by the performing entity or the performing entity's partnership or corporation. It **cannot** be completed by the performing entity's agent or other third party.

**Note:** The grantor of a revocable/grantor trust shall be treated as the vendor/payee for withholding purposes. Therefore, if the vendor/payee is a revocable/grantor trust and one or

more of the grantors is a nonresident, withholding is required. If all of the grantors of a revocable/grantor trust are residents, no withholding is required. Resident grantors can check the box on Form 590 labeled "Individuals — Certification of Residency."

#### D Who is a Resident

A California resident is any individual who is in California for other than a temporary or transitory purpose or any individual domiciled in California who is absent for a temporary or transitory purpose.

An individual domiciled in California who is absent from California for an uninterrupted period of at least 546 consecutive days under an employment-related contract is considered outside California for other than a temporary or transitory purpose.

**Note:** Return visits to California that do not total more than 45 days during any taxable year covered by the employment contract are considered temporary.

This provision does not apply if an individual has income from stocks, bonds, notes, or other intangible personal property in excess of \$200,000 in any taxable year in which the employment-related contract is in effect.

A spouse who is absent from California for an uninterrupted period of at least 546 days to accompany a spouse who is under an employment-related contract is considered outside of California for other than a temporary or transitory purpose.

Generally, an individual who comes to California for a purpose which will extend over a long or indefinite period will be considered a resident. However, an individual who comes to perform a particular contract of short duration will be considered a nonresident. For assistance in determining resident status, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, or call the Franchise Tax Board at (800) 852-5711 or (916) 845-6500 (not toll-free).

#### E What is a Permanent Place of Business

A corporation has a permanent place of business in California if it is organized and existing under the laws of California or if it is a foreign corporation qualified to transact intrastate business by the California Secretary of State. A corporation that has not qualified to transact intrastate business (e.g., a corporation engaged exclusively in interstate commerce) will be considered as having a permanent place of business in California only if it maintains a permanent office in California that is permanently staffed by its employees.

#### F Withholding Agent

Keep Form 590 for your records. Do not send this form to the FTB unless it has been specifically requested.

**Note:** If the withholding agent has received Form 594, Notice to Withhold Tax at Source, only the performing entity can complete and sign Form 590 as the vendor/payee. If the performing entity completes and signs Form 590 indicating no withholding requirement, you must send a copy of Form 590 with Form 594 to the FTB.

For more information, contact the Nonresident Withholding Section. See General Information G. The vendor/payee must notify the withholding agent if:

- The individual vendor/payee becomes a nonresident;
- The corporation ceases to have a permanent place of business in California or ceases to be qualified to do business in California;
- The partnership ceases to have a permanent place of business in California;
- The LLC ceases to have a permanent place of business in California; or
- The tax-exempt entity loses its tax-exempt status.

The withholding agent must then withhold. Remit the withholding using Form 592-A, Nonresident Withholding Remittance Statement, and complete Form 592, Nonresident Withholding Annual Return, and Form 592-B, Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement. Get Instructions for Forms 592, 592-A, and 592-B for due dates and other withholding information.

#### G Where to get Publications, Forms, and Additional Information

You can download, view, and print FTB Publications 1017, 1023, 1024, and nonresident withholding forms, as well as other California tax forms and publications not related to nonresident withholding from our Website at: [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov)

You can also have nonresident withholding forms faxed to you by calling (800) 998-3676. To have publications or forms mailed to you or to get additional nonresident withholding information, please contact the Withholding Services and Compliance Section.

WITHHOLDING SERVICES AND  
COMPLIANCE SECTION  
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD  
PO BOX 651  
SACRAMENTO CA 95812-0651

Telephone: (888) 792-4900  
(916) 845-4900 (not toll-free)  
FAX: (916) 845-9512 (24 hours a day,  
7 days a week)

#### Assistance for persons with disabilities:

We comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Persons with hearing or speech impairments please call TTY/TDD (800) 822-6268.

#### Asistencia bilingüe en español

Para obtener servicios en español y asistencia para completar su declaración de impuestos/formularios, llame al número de teléfono (anotado arriba) que le corresponde.